VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION

(Deemed to be University)

M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Third/Fifth Semester

BIOINDUSTRIES AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 What are the main functions of management?
- 2 List the types of motivation.
- ³ Differentiate strategic and tactical planning.
- 4 Why strategy evaluation is important?
- 5 Explain gender bias.
- 6 Give some controversies over the organ donation
- 7 List any four leading companies in biotechnology.
- 8 How does the healthcare industry use biotechnology?
- ⁹ What are the 4 major industrial areas in biotechnology?
- 10 Define tactics

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

11 a. What do you understand by leadership style? Describe the different styles of leadership.

OR

- b. Define decision making and explain the process of decision making that affects the efficiency of the business decisions.
- 12 a. Elaborate about strategic implementation process.

OR

- b. What is strategy evaluation? Discuss the steps involved in strategy evaluation framework.
- 13 a. Write a detailed note on National and international laws in Bioethics.

OR

- b. Writ short notes on: a) ethical issue on life and death b) personhood) ethical issues in abortion.
- 14 a.
 - Discuss the essential skills do entrepreneurs need.

OR

- b. Elaborate in detail about origin of Bio-entrepreneurship and relation between biotechnology and Bio-entrepreneurship
- 15 a. Elaborate about Venture capital financing of Biotechnology with example.

OR

b. Discuss in detail about Perception analysis of biotech companies with a case study.

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION (Deemed to be University) M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Third /Fifth Semester

ELECTIVE - ENVIRONMENTAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Define conservation
- 2 Comment on gene bank.
- 3 What is bio argumentation?
- 4 Comment on Biophile.
- 5 Define condensates.
- 6 Explain the main criteria for the identification of waste.
- 7 Give the flow chart of waste minimization methodology.
- 8 Explain Pyrolysis.
- 9 Write the uses of life cycle assessment
- 10 Define EIA.

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

¹¹ a. Define Ecosystem. Explain in detail about food chain and food web with neat diagram.

OR

- b. Define pollution and explain the causes, effects and solutions of Air pollution.
- ¹² a. Define phytoremediation. Briefly explain the role of few plant species in the pollution control.

OR

- b. Comment on bio fertilizer and explain the process of vermicomposting and its significance.
- 13 a. Explain the various physical methods of treatment.

OR

- b. Illustrate the characteristics of waste water.
- 14 a. Explain in detail about waste to energy.

OR

- b. List the type of Incinerators. With a neat sketch, explain any one.
- 15 a.

What is the recent advancement in generating energy from biodegradable and non biodegradable waste?

OR

b. Explain in detail about incineration disposal technique.

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION (Deemed to be University)

M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Third Semester

ELECTIVE - FOOD SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Write biotechnological role in food industry
- 2 Elaborate in detail about the sources of different minerals.
- 3 Write about food borne bacterial pathogens
- ⁴ Define Meat processing and curing
- 5 Define Blanching.
- 6 Give the role of wood smoke and antibiotics as preservatives.
- 7 Define cold sterlization.
- 8 Write about botulism
- ⁹ Give the steps involved in beverage production
- 10 Give short notes on sauerkraut

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

11 a. What are fatty acids? Classify with suitable example.

OR

- b. Describe the sources, daily requirements, functions and deficiency symptoms of Vitamin K.
- 12 a. Explain different irradiation techniques in food preservation

OR

- b. Draw the structure of B1, G1 aflatoxin and patulin.
- 13 a. Explain briefly about the Intentional food additives with example.

OR

- b. What is a food additive? Classify additives for antimicrobial preservations.
- 14 a. How organic acids, sulphur and nitrogen compounds function as preservatives?

OR

- b. Explain the role of Neurotoxins in food borne illness.
- 15 a. State and explain applications of vegetable based food products

OR

b. Explain about fish and poultry products.

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION (Deemed to be University) M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Second Semester

IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Define Hematopoises and Lymphopoises.
- 2 Comment on mononuclear phagocytes
- 3 What is clonal anergy?
- ⁴ Briefly explain macrophage microbicidal Assay.
- 5 Name few drugs used for treating tuberculosis.
- 6 Write the importance of MHC molecules in defence mechanism.
- 7 Comment on cross reactivity.
- 8 List the applications of Western blot technique.
- 9 Differentiate attenuated and inactivated vaccines.
- 10 comment on multivalent subunit vaccines.

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

¹¹ a. With a neat sketch explain the organization and structure of lymphoid organs.

OR

- b. What are APCs? Explain how the macrophages degrade particulate antigen.
- ¹² a. Write the properties of cytokines and list the functional groups of cytokines with their targets and effects.

OR

- b. Discuss in detail about the role of interleukins in cell mediated immunity.
- 13 a. Describe the causative agent, pathogenesis and diagnosis of leprosy

OR

- b. Write short notes on the following:
 a. rabies
 b. turboid
 - b. typhoid
- 14 a. Write in detail about a) radioimmunoassay. b) immunomics.

OR

- b. What is ELISA? Write its principle, types and applications with a neat labelled sketch.
- 15 a. Discuss in detail about designing of DNA vaccine.

b. Discuss in detail about combinatorial libraries for antibody production ***********

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION

(Deemed to be University) M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Third/Fifth Semester

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Differentiate between Action researches ex post Facto research.
- 2 Define Pilot study.
- ³ Write the uses of Sampling distributions.
- ⁴ Write the significance of tabulation in frequency distribution.
- 5 Calculate the arithmetic mean of 2,4,6,8,10
- 6 Define Analysis of variance
- 7 What are the applications of paper chromatography?
- 8 Write down the applications of thin layer chromatography.
- ⁹ Note down the applications of colorimeter in biotechnology.
- 10 What are the applications of UV-Spectrophotometer?

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

- 11 a. Writ brief notes on the following
 - a. Exploratory research designs.
 - b. Diagnostic research designs.
 - c. Descriptive research designs
 - d. Experimental research designs.

OR

- b. Explain the following.
 - a. Abstract.
 - b. Informative abstracts.
 - c. Bibliography.
 - d. Reference styles.
 - e. End notes.
 - f. Abbreviations used in scientific writing.
- 12 a. Write note on data. Explain in detail about collection and presentation of data.

OR

- b. Give brief note on discrete scale and continuous scale.
- 13 a. A normal population has a mean of 6.8 and standard deviation of 1.5. A sample of 400 numbers gave a mean of 6.75. Is the difference significant?

2 **OR**

b.

b)

The nicotine content in milligrams in two samples of tobacco were found to be as follows

ows										
	(Sample A	24	27	26	21	25				
	Sample B	27	30	28	31	22	36	1		

Can it be said that the two samples came from the same normal population

Type random samples gave the following results.										
	Sample	Size	Sample	Sum of squares of						
	_	Mean		deviations from the mean						
	1	10	15	90						
	2	12	14	108						

Test whether the samplers come from the same normal population.

- 14 a. Explain in detail about the principle and applications of paper chromatography. **OR**
 - b. List out the applications of thin layer chromatography in various field.
- 15 a. Explain in detail about principle and applications of UV-Spectrophotometer.

OR

b. Describe in detail about Instrumentation of Flame Photometry.

Sl.No. 3033

Maximum Marks:100 Marks

VINAYAKA MISSIONS RESEARCH FOUNDATION (Deemed to be University) M.E -DEGREE EXAMINATIONS - FEB-2022

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Second Semester

STEM CELL BIOLOGY

(Candidates admitted under 2017 Regulations-CBCS)

Time : Three Hours

Answer ALL questions

Part-A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Expand ICM. Add a short note on it
- 2 Write a note on germ layers.
- ³ Write short notes on cell cytotoxicity.
- 4 What is gas foaming?
- 5 Give brief account on Aldefluor assay.
- 6 Comment on the adult cell importance in cloning.
- 7 List the advantages and limitations of human embryonic stem cells.
- ⁸ Give the current advantages and limitations of human somatic stem cells.
- ⁹ Comment on nuclear nuclear transplantation and therapeutic transplantation.
- 10 Explain in short about syngeneic and allogenic stem cell transplant

PART-B $(5 \times 16 = 80)$

11 a. Write in detail about the mammalian stem cells development.

OR

- b. What are the advantages and disadvantages in using cord blood cells for patients?
- 12 a. Give the role of Scaffolds in tissue reconstruction.

OR

- b. Discuss in detail about cells Assays for cell viability and cytotoxicity
- 13 a. Explain the process of the development of human neurospheres in neurons.

OR

- b. Explain the Stem cells and cloning and its importance.
- 14 a. Discuss about the current advantages and limitations of human somatic stem cells.

OR

- b. Enumerate human embryonic stem cell public policy.
- 15 a. Enumerate in detail about nuclear transplantation methods.

OR

b. How hematopoietic stem cells can be used to treat autoimmune diseases?